

Leading the world to better health



Framing Assessment within a Positive Education Environment

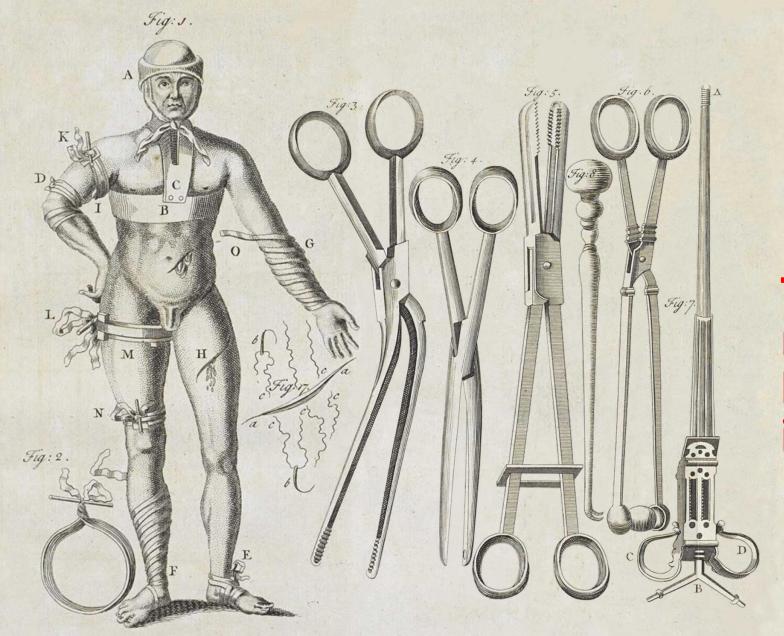
Judith Gilroy

RCSI Associate Director for Academic Affairs

Prof Anne Hickey

RCSI Deputy Dean for Positive Education





Founded in 1784 as the national training body for surgery in Ireland.





28,000 Alumni 98 Countries

WORLD TOP 50 FOR INTERNATIONAL OUTLOOK - THE 2022

10,000 FELLOWS and MEMBERS 87 Countries



82,000 Citations

2017-2021 SciVa

56% International collaboration

27,273 ALTMETRIC

75% OF PUBLICATIONS IN Q1 JOURNALS

GOOD UNIVERSITY GUIDE 2022

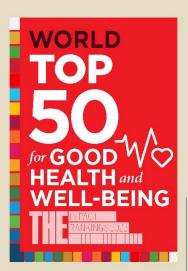
THE TIMES THE SUNDAY TIMES

UNIVERSITY
OF THE YEAR
FOR STUDENT
ENGAGEMENT



TIMES HIGHER
EDUCATION 2022
WORLD UNIVERSITY
RANKINGS

Field weighted citation impact of 2.28





BEST GREEN CAMPUS AWARD

SPECIALIST SURGEONS GRADUATED FROM SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA



2,522 Undergraduate Students

Medicine, pharmacy and physiotherapy

1,120 Postgraduate StudentsMasters, MD, PhD

508 Surgical and Emergency Medicine trainees

Students from more than

97 Countries

4 International Operations

Dublin, Bahrain, Malaysia and Dubai

1,311 STAFF

198 Principal Investigators



250
HIGHER
SURGICAL
TRAINEES

552 Consultant TRAINERS

508
Surgical
& Emergency
Medicine
Trainees

119
CORE
SURGICAL
TRAINEES



Strategy

OUR MISSION IS TO EDUCATE, NURTURE & DISCOVER FOR THE BENEFIT OF HUMAN HEALTH.

EXCELLENCE IN EDUCATION

Providing **transformative education and training** to healthcare students and practitioners across the **full education spectrum** from undergraduate to postgraduate level and professional training.

DRIVING DISCOVERIES

RCSI is at the **global forefront** of pioneering medical **research and innovation**, addressing key healthcare challenges and improving patient outcomes.

IMPACT ON SOCIETY

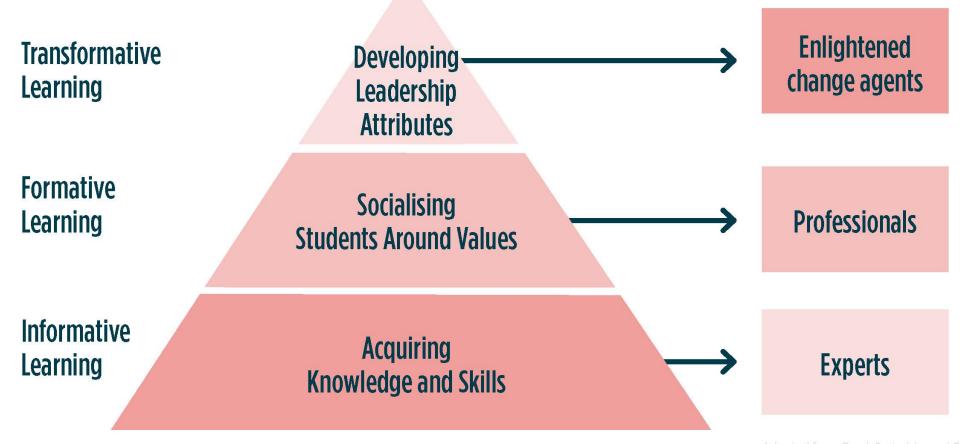
As signatories to the **UN Sustainable Development Goals** accord, we are committed to fostering improvements in communities globally.





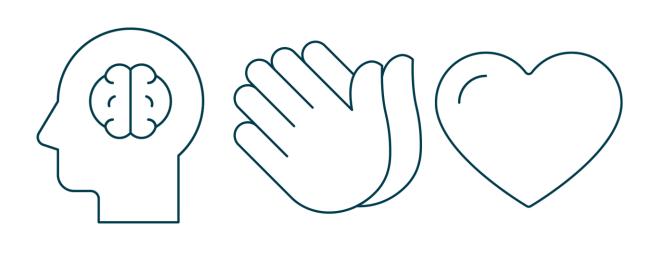


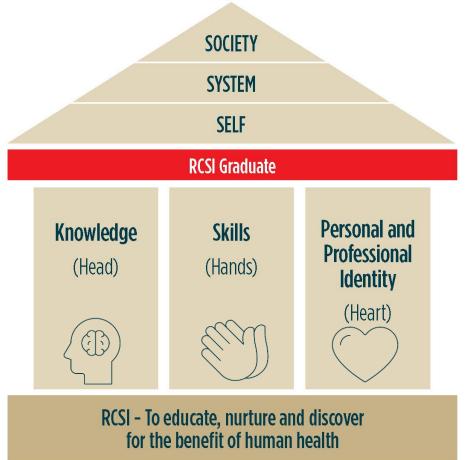
Transformative Education for Distinctive Practice





Transformative Education for Distinctive Practice







Learning, Teaching & Assessment Principles



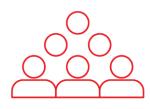
Education for lifelong learning



Foster an inclusive and diverse environment



Experiential learning as a core educational principle



Individualised student pathways



Reflective practice



Student-centred partnership



Distinctively international programmes

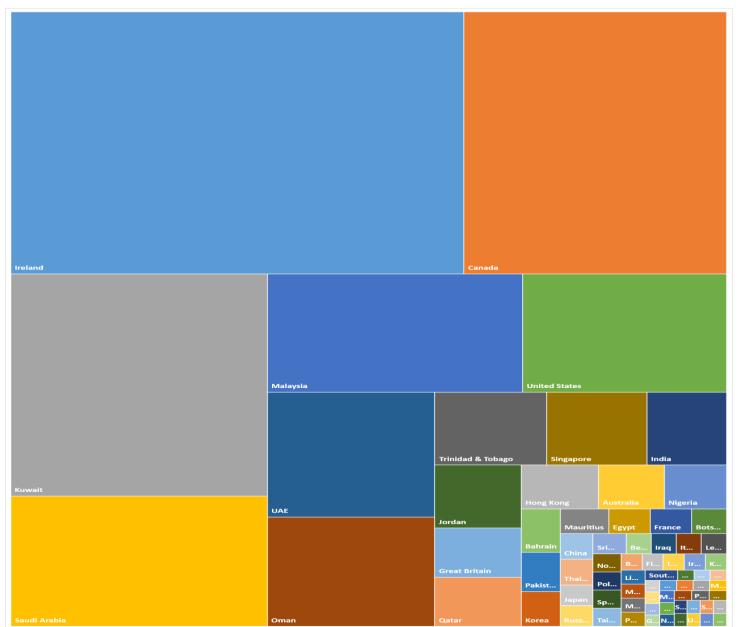


Positive education environment



RCSI Dublin UG Student Nationalities

Australia to Zimbabwe





 α







What is Positive Education?

Informed by principles of Positive Psychology

Definition:

 Education for both traditional academic skills and for well-being

"Traditional education focused on academic skill development, complemented by approaches that nurture well-being and promote good mental health"

Seligman, 2011

Clinical experience



Character wellbeing



Positive Education at RCSI

A whole-institution approach

- > Organisational culture
- > Student experience
- > Staff development
- > Post-graduate training
- > Assessment and examining
- > Institutional processes





Operationalising Positive Education at RCSI

PROJECT COMMENCING 2018

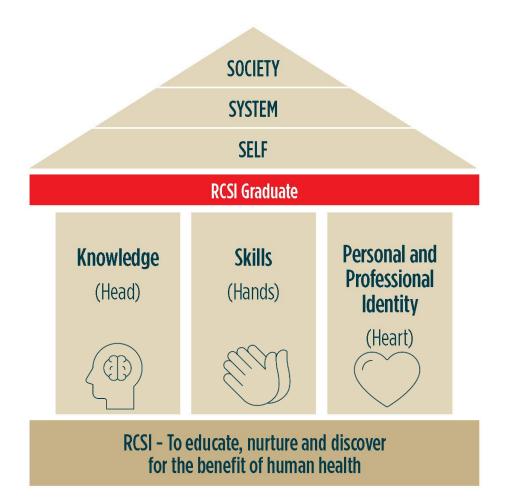
FOCUS:

- 1. Undergraduate curriculum
 - Personal & Professional Identity (PPId)
 - Curriculum & Assessment
- 2. Resilience
- 3. Lifestyle Medicine
- 4. Growth Mindset
- 5. Research
- 6. Publication, dissemination



Personal & Professional Identity (PPId)

- > PPId third pillar of the curriculum (HEART)
- > 3 integrated component parts "triple helix"
 - Professionalism
 - · Resilience
 - Leadership
- > Vertically integrated to all modules and assessments from Years 1 5
- > Commenced 21st September 2022





What is Personal & Professional Identity?

3 areas through which identity is developed¹:

1. Individual identity

Personal characteristics; different starting points; self-chosen and mandated commitments;
 beliefs about self and own capabilities; impact of multiple (and ongoing) life influences

2. Relational identity

 Influence of significant individuals; includes family, friends, mentors and - in medical school teachers, clinicians, patients, family members and role models encountered during training

3. Collective identity

Sense of belonging to the group to which you want to belong; whether your personal beliefs and values align with this group; how equipped you feel to challenge where you disagree

Think, act and feel like a doctor/physiotherapist/pharmacist









2. Resilience

Curriculum

- Collaboration between RCSI and University of Pennsylvania Positive Psychology Centre
- > Key Concepts:
 - ~ dealing with adversity/challenging situations
 - ~ emotional competence and self-regulation
 - ~ coping strategies
 - ~ learning and growing
 - ~ bouncing forward
- > RCSI definition:

"The capacity to apply knowledge and skills to deal positively with adversity, and the ability to learn and grow as a result of challenging situations"



Penn Resilience Programme (PRP): Content Overview

Focused on teaching of 9 key skills to facilitate resilient responses to challenges:

- 1. Optimistic mindset
- 2. Thinking traps
- 3. Deliberate breathing
- 4. Mental cues
- 5. Real-time resilience
- 6. Put it in perspective
- 7. Positive emotions
- 8. IDEAL (maintaining relationships during difficult conversations)
- 9. Active constructive responding









PRP Curriculum Delivery in THEP

Year 1 - Year 5

M	ODULE		TOPIC			DURATION				
BMF			Intro to	Resi	lience & Well-being	90 minutes				
Ca	МО	DULE		TOF	PIC		DU	RATION		
Re	e CN	CNS			rief recap on Year 1		120 minutes			
		MODULE			TOPIC			DURATION		
		Year 3 Med/Surg End Pre Clir Year 5 Preparation for Practice			Skill 9: Active Constructive Responding			90 minutes		
								(X 5 rotations)		
	Pre Clir				Review of PRP skills 1-9 using specific challenging practice-based scenarios		ng	150 minutes	RS#/	



RCSI faculty who participated in PRP training – an interdisciplinary group of 36 from all RCSI Dublin Schools, Beaumont Hospital, and RCSI international sites.





www.rcsi.com

3. RCSI Certificate in Lifestyle Medicine

Certificate in Lifestyle Medicine

- > 50 60 hours of student effort
- > Components:
 - · Behaviour change in yourself and patients
 - The 6 pillars of LM (physical activity, nutrition, sleep, stress management, smoking, alcohol & drug use)
 - · Self-care
 - The future of lifestyle medicine
- > Assessment:
 - · Completion of online content
 - Quizzes
 - Reflections
 - · Assignment personal behaviour change



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Growth Mindset

- > Philosophical backdrop of the curriculum
- > Enhancing Growth Mindset:
 - Interactions with students language relating to success/failure; mistakes; learning
- > Captured in:
 - Tutor training & handbook
 - Personal tutor meetings
 - Introductory lectures
 - Assessment
 - Reflective assignments
 - Feedback



"Hike to try new things"

"I can learn to do what I want"

"Failures offer opportunity & growth"

GROWTH MINDSET

"My intelligence can be developed"
"Tembrace challenges"

"I learn from feedback"
"I keep trying and never give up"

"I am inspired by others people's success"

"My mistakes help be grow"

"I know this will help me even though it is difficult"



ONE THIRD of studies on feedback show NEGATIVE effects on learning





FIXED

How well did you do?

Where did you go wrong?

GROWTH

How much progress have you made SO FAR?

What could you do next to IMPROVE?



Encourage students to ask themselves

- 1. What am I trying to achieve?
- 2. How much progress have I made so far?
- 3. What could I do next to improve?





5&6. Research and Dissemination

Prospective Research

PILLAR (Professionalism, Leadership And Resilience)

survey/assessment

> Part A: Student's professional behaviours, resilience, leadership and level of professional identity formation

- > Part B: Student's psychological well-being
 - · Baseline data collection Sept. 2020+
 - · Wave 2 data collection Sept. 2021+
 - · Wave 3 data collection 2022+
 - Annual data collection continuing



Publications



LETTERS



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Cite this as: *BMJ* 2022;378:o2069 http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/bmj.o2069 Published: 23 August 2022

THE RESILIENCE MYTH

To jettison acquiring resilience skills would be a mistake

Anne Hickey deputy dean for positive education and professor of health psychology

Brindley and Reynolds make important points about personal resilience in their Opinion article. ¹ They ask, "Are we not resilient enough, and, if so, are we to blame?" Arguably, these are not the right questions.

The two elements of working as a healthcare professional are the person and the professional environment. There is valid criticism from junior (and senior) doctors that the healthcare system has major flaws and that feelings of stress and burnout reflect not a lack of resilience but a work environment that at times some would describe as toxic. These problems need to be dealt with, but tackling them is a complex and long term process, akin to the complexity of turning a tanker.²

BMJ 2022;378:o2069



Articles

Medical students, mental health and the role of resilience – A cross-sectional study

Colm Healy (a), Áine Ryan (b), Catherine N. Moran (c), Denis W. Harkin (d), Frank Doyle (d) & Anne Hickey (d)
Pages 40-48 | Published online: 10 Oct 2022

66 Download citation (2) https://doi.org/10.1080/0142159X.2022.2128735

Medical Teacher 2023;45(1):40-48. doi: 10.1080/0142159X.2022.2128735

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Key Assessment Principles

- ✓ Integrated part of the teaching and learning process with a focus on assessment as / for learning.
- ✓ Programmatic focus and promote fidelity & integration.
- Adequate & authentic opportunities to demonstrate competence in the pillars:
 - ✓ Knowledge
 - √ Skills
 - ✓ Personal & Professional Identity
- ✓ Robust, consistent & transparent

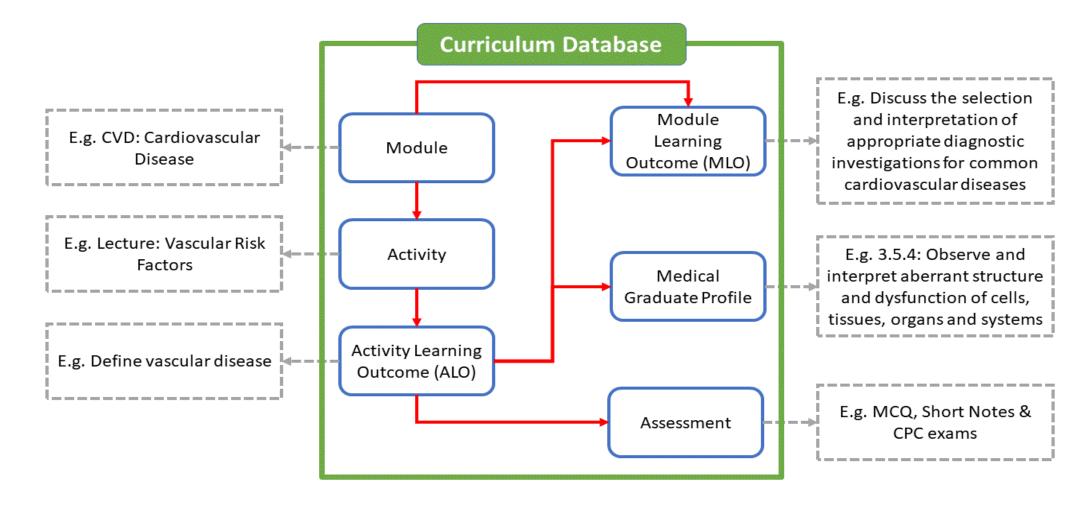








Assessment – as and for learning





What it looks like

- Clear links between Module learning outcomes and pillars
- Clear weighting / links between module credits and pillar credits
- Stage appropriate:
 - > Knowledge (head)
 - > Skills (hands)
 - > PPId (heart)

Module	Module Credits	Outcome	Pillar	Assessment Credits	
		Outcome M1_1		5	
		Outcome M1_2	Knowledge		
		Outcome M1_3	Kilowieuge		
Module 1	10	Outcome M1_4			
Wodule 1	10	Outcome M1_5	Skills	2.5	
		Outcome M1_6	SKIIIS	2.5	
		Outcome M1_7	PPI	2.5	
		Outcome M1_8	PPI	2.5	
		Outcome M2_1	Knowledge	2.5	
		Outcome M2_2	Kilowieuge	2.3	
		Outcome M2_3		3.75	
Module 2	10	Outcome M2_4	Skills		
Wibdule 2	10	Outcome M2_5			
		Outcome M2_6		3.75	
		Outcome M2_7	PPI		
		Outcome M2_8			
		Outcome M3_1			
		Outcome M3_2		7.5	
	10	Outcome M3_3	Knowledge		
Module 3		Outcome M3_4	Kilowieuge		
Wodule 5		Outcome M3_5			
		Outcome M3_6			
		Outcome M3_7	Skills	1.25	
		Outcome M3 8	DDI	1 25	



Programmatic Assessment and Progress testing

- Assesses long term and functional knowledge
- Taken several times a year by ALL students
- Evaluation of the development of knowledge



Progress testing at RCSI

> Comprehensive

~ 160 questions = 60 linked to Year 1 and 100 linked to Final cycle of the programme

> SBA

- ~ Four Options
- ~ 1 mark for correct answer
- ~ 0 for a "don't know"
- ~ -0.5 for wrong answer
- > Four diets per year in years 1-4 and twice in year 5
- > All students from all years will complete the same test at the same time
- > Feedback
- > Allows students to monitor knowledge growth and progress towards end objectives

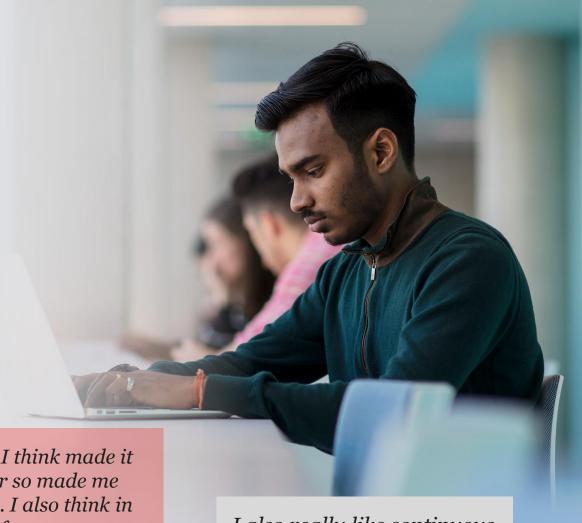




Early days... Student feedback

I was quite apprehensive about the frequency of assessments, as my previous degree had some assessments during the semester but almost always had large assessments at the end. However having almost finished this semester - I have to say this method of assessment ensures that you don't fall behind, you keep up to date and that you are not too stressed about one assessment alone. **So I am very happy with it!**

The format of the new model programmatic model of assessment, I think made it better for learning. Having a knowledge check every other week or so made me organise my time better so that I could keep on top of my learning. I also think in the long run, it helped me learn concepts rather than just random facts.



I also really like continuous assessment, it keeps me up to date with my studies and saves me a lot of stress when it comes to exams.







QQI: Rethinking Assessment

Thank you

Judith Gilroy

RCSI Associate Director for Academic Affairs

Prof Anne Hickey

RCSI Deputy Dean for Positive Education